the pilots was all crippled up in the legs, * * * I gave him several of these capsules and in two days he was hopping around like a kid. * * * recommend this wonderful medicine to all sufferers of Neuritis or Rheumatism.' * * * 'Rheumagon * * * Rheumagon is the stuff. * * * my feet played out on me, * * * one knee got sore, * * * got so bad I could hardly drag around. Mr. Smith gave me the medicine he got from you * * was greatly surprised how quick I began to improve. I soon got to walking around and the pain and soreness all left my hands and shoulders and I am much better. * * * thanks to your Rheumagon * * * Go as far as you like on my say for your Rheumagon as it surely will help rheumatic sufferers.' * * * 'Rheumagon * * * Remedy for Rheaumatism.' * * * 'Rheumagon * * * Dr. Davis' Rheumatism Medicine.'"

On April 7, 1932, no claimant having appeared for the property, the court found that the allegations of the libel were true, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed by the United

States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

19502. Misbranding of Pyro-Sana tooth paste. U. S. v. 11½ Dozen Tubes of Pyro-Sana Tooth Paste. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 27943. I. S. No. 52248. S. No. 5994.)

Examination of samples of Pyro-Sana tooth paste from the shipment herein described disclosed no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the curative and therapeutic effects claimed on the carton and tube

labels and in an accompanying circular.

On March 26, 1932, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Indiana, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 111/2 dozen tubes of Pyro-Sana tooth paste, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Fort Wayne, Ind., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about February 13, 1930, by the Alhosan Chemical Co., from St. Louis, Mo., and had been transported from the State of Missouri into the State of Indiana, and charging misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by this department showed that it consisted essentially of calcium carbonate, glycerin, and a small proportion of

It was alleged in the libel that the article was misbranded in that the following statements regarding the curative and therapeutic effects of the said article, appearing in the labeling, were false and fraudulent, since it contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed: (Carton and tube) "Prevents Pyorrhea, Preserves the Gums * * * A proven medicinal agent in checking and controlling Pyorrhea, relieving and preventing soft bleeding gums, preventing receding gums, making them hard and firm * * * A Healthy Mouth is a Good Foundation;" (circular) "Pyro-Sana Toothpaste will check pyorrhea, make the gums hard and firm, relieve and prevent soft bleeding gums and maintain a vigorous and healthy mouth."

On May 13, 1932, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court

that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

19503. Misbranding of Dr. Alexander's Lung Healer. U. S. v. 9\frac{7}{12} Dozen Bottles of Dr. Alexander's Lung Healer. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 25959. I. S. No. 20170. S. No. 4207.)

Examination of a drug product, known as Dr. Alexander's Lung Healer, from the shipment herein described disclosed no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing certain curative and therapeutic effects claimed for it on the bottle and carton labels.

On March 2, 1931, the United States attorney for the Northern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of nine and seven-twelfths dozen bottles of the said Dr. Alexander's Lung Healer at Binghamton, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Valley Drug Co., Wilkes Barre, Pa., on or about January 13,